## Vocabulary

*Use the vocabulary words and definitions below as a reference for this unit.* 

anthracite ...... the final stage in the formation of coal; it is very hard and burns cleanly

biomass fuel ...... a burnable fuel made from plant and animal material *Examples*: wood and peat

it is soft and gives off a lot of heat when burned

coal ...... fossil fuel that comes from plants that lived millions of years ago

**conserve** ..... to save natural resources for the future

electricity ...... the type of energy produced by using natural resources such as water, wind, and fossil fuels to power a generator

energy ...... the ability to do work or move objects

fossil fuel ....... fuel made from decayed plants and animals that lived millions of years ago preserved below Earth's crust Examples: coal, oil, natural gas

**geothermal energy** ...... energy produced by the heat from inside Earth's crust

## Vocabulary

**hydroelectricity** ..... electricity produced by falling water

lignite ...... the second stage in the formation of

coal; it is moist and still has bits of

woody tissue in it

methane ...... natural gas used in stoves and for

heating homes

natural gas ...... a fossil fuel in its gaseous state found

along with oil deposits

natural resources ...... materials found on or inside Earth's

crust that people can use

**nonrenewable resources** ...... materials that are used up faster than

they can be replaced in nature or can be

used only once

nuclear energy ...... energy produced by splitting the

nucleus of the uranium atom

oil shale ..... sedimentary rock with oil trapped

between its layers

**peat** ..... the first stage of the formation of coal;

formed from decomposed plants

petroleum or oil ...... liquid fossil fuel formed from plants and

animals that lived in the sea

**renewable resources** ...... materials that can be replaced in nature

at a rate close to their rate of use or used

over again

## Vocabulary

solar cells ...... a device used to collect energy from the sun and transform it into electricity

solar collectors ...... large panels that collect solar energy that will be used to heat water, etc.

solar energy ..... energy from the sun

tidal power ...... the energy from the two-way flow of the tides used to produce electricity

wind power ..... energy of the wind used to create electricity