

Unit 2 Lesson 1 Apply: Furniture Comprising the Patient Basic Unit

Please include both the questions and answers, number you work, and underline or highlight your answers. You may upload as a Microsoft Word or PDF document or paste your answers below.

The following exercises are to be answered by completing the incomplete statement or by writing the answer in the space provided at the end of the question.

1. Name the four items of furniture comprising the patient basic unit.
2. Name three items, other than linens and toilet equipment, which the patient is given.
3. When making a bed, avoid shaking the linen to prevent spread of _____ and dust particles.
4. When making a bed, always raise the bed to its _____ position.
5. When making a bed, check the patient for areas of redness that may lead to _____ Formation.
6. When making an unoccupied bed, be sure to check the mattress for protruding _____
7. Before removing the top bedding from an occupied bed, place the _____ Over the patient and the top cover.
8. When making a surgical bed, do you tuck the top sheet and blanket under the mattress at the foot of the bed?
9. To protect the sheets, place a towel or disposable pad (Chux ®) at the _____ Of a surgical bed.
10. After making a surgical bed, be sure to lock the _____
11. When a patient is discharged or transferred out of the patient care unit, the bed, bedside cabinet, and general area must be sanitized with a detergent/germicidal agent. What is this procedure called?.
12. Name three reasons for terminal cleaning of the patient care unit.
13. During terminal cleaning, use only _____ disinfectant/detergent or germicidal solution.
14. How should you prevent the spread of microorganisms during terminal cleaning?
15. Sterile disposables are considered sterile if the wrapper is not broken or torn or if the _____ has not passed