UNDERSTANDING THE CONNECTION BETWEEN HISTORICAL CONTEXT AND LITERARY WORKS

Unit 3 Lesson 5

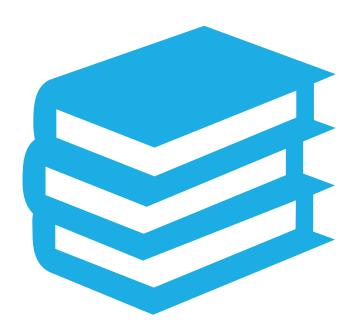
Introduction to Historical Context (Part 1)

Definition:

 Historical Context: The social, political, cultural, and economic conditions of the time when a literary work was created.

• Importance:

- Provides background that enriches the reader's understanding of the story.
- Helps explain why characters behave the way they do and why certain events occur.
- Offers insight into the themes and messages the author is conveying.



Introduction to Historical Context (Part 2)

• Example:

- Jane Austen's "Pride and Prejudice":
- Context: Early 19th century England, a time of rigid class distinctions and limited opportunities for women.
- Analysis: The constraints of society shape the characters' actions and the plot, highlighting themes of marriage, class, and morality.

Using in Writing:

- Research Thoroughly: Understand the era you are writing about to accurately reflect its conditions.
- Integrate Seamlessly: Weave historical details naturally into the narrative to create an authentic setting.
- Highlight Themes: Use historical context to enhance the themes and issues your story addresses.



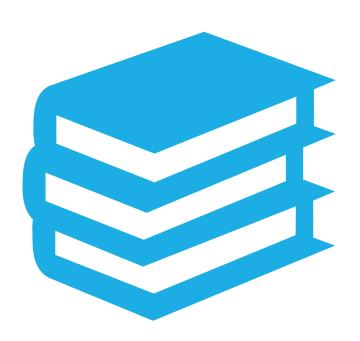
Historical Context in Literature (Part 1)

Connection to Literary Works:

- Writers draw inspiration from the events and circumstances around them.
- Historical context can shape a writer's themes, characters, settings, and plots.

• Example:

- Arthur Miller's "The Crucible":
- Context: Written during the McCarthy era (1950s) in the United
 States, a time of intense anti-communist sentiment.
- Analysis: The play's witch hunts parallel the McCarthy trials, highlighting themes of hysteria, fear, and injustice.



Historical Context in Literature (Part 2)

• Example:

- Charles Dickens' "A Tale of Two Cities":
- Context: Set during the French Revolution, reflecting the social and political upheaval of the time.
- Analysis: The novel explores themes of resurrection, sacrifice, and the impact of historical events on individual lives.

Using in Writing:

- Reflecting Reality: Use historical context to create a believable and immersive setting.
- Character Development: Show how historical events and social norms influence characters' decisions and growth.
- Plot Development: Use significant historical events as key plot points to drive the narrative forward.

