THE SPEAKER IN POETRY

UNIT 3 LESSON 2





The speaker is the voice behind the poem, like a narrator in a story.

UNDERSTANDING THE SPEAKER IN A POEM



It could be the poet themselves, a character, an animal, an object, or even an abstract idea.



The speaker shapes the poem's tone, perspective, and emotion, influencing how readers interpret the poem.

EXAMPLE POEM: "THE LONELY TREE"

- **Title:** The Lonely Tree
- **Speaker:** The old oak tree
- **Perspective:** First-person ("I")
- Sample Lines:
 - "I stand alone, my branches bare," (Setting the scene and emotion)
 - "Whispering secrets to the wind," (Describing the tree's actions and relationship with nature)
 - "Waiting for the warmth of spring to return." (Expressing the tree's feelings and hopes)



The speaker shapes the tone, perspective, and emotion of a poem, influencing how readers interpret the work.



Understanding the speaker helps a reader connect with the readers and effectively communicate the message or story.



Crafting a distinct speaker adds depth and complexity to the poetry, making it more engaging, relatable, and impactful.

WHY DOES THE SPEAKER MATTER IN A POEM?

HOW TO ESTABLISH YOUR SPEAKER

I. Choose Your Speaker:

I. Decide who will be the voice of your poem. Will it be you, a character, or something else?

2. Consider Perspective:

- I. Who is speaking? To whom? Why?
- 2. Consider the perspective and attitude of your speaker. Are they happy, sad, angry, reflective?

3. Use Pronouns and Language:

- I. Choose the appropriate pronouns and language that reflect your speaker's personality, emotions, and perspective.
- 2. First-person ("I"), second-person ("you"), or third-person ("he/she/it").